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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1 1. (Original) A method of detecting one of a set of preamble sequences in a
2 spread signal comprising the steps of:
- 3 (a) correlating the received spread signal with sequences of a first orthogonal Gold
4 code (OGC) set in accordance with a first fast transform to provide a preamble signal;
- 5 (b) correlating the preamble signal with the set of preamble sequences in
6 accordance with a second fast transform to generate a set of index values;
- 7 (c) forming a decision statistic based on the set of index values; and
- 8 (d) selecting, as the detected one of the set of preamble sequences, a preamble
9 sequence corresponding to the decision statistic.
- 1 2. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 1, wherein, for step (a), the
2 first fast transform method is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT) comprising
3 the steps of
- 4 1) multiplying the received spread signal with a first sequence vector and a
5 forward permutation vector to generate a permuted sequence signal, wherein:
- 6 the first OGC set is generated from the first sequence vector and a cyclic
7 shift matrix of a second sequence vector, and the forward permutation vector
8 maps between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of Walsh-Hadamard
9 sequences; and
- 10 2) applying the fast Hadamard transform to the permuted sequence signal to
11 generate a set of correlated signals, the preamble signal selected as one of the set of
12 correlated signals based on a predetermined decision criterion.

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1 3. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 1, wherein:

2 for step (b), the set of preamble sequences are selected from a second OGC set
3 formed from first and second sequence vectors, the second OGC set generated from the
4 first sequence vector and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence vector; and wherein
5 the second fast transform is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT)
6 comprising the steps of

7 1) multiplying the preamble signal with a first sequence vector and a
8 forward permutation vector to generate a permuted preamble signal, the forward
9 permutation vector mapping between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of
10 Walsh-Hadamard sequences, and

11 2) applying the fast Hadamaard transform to the permuted preamble signal
12 to generate the set of index values.

1 4. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 1, wherein, for step (b), the set
2 of preamble sequences are selected from set of Walsh-Hadamard sequences, and the
3 second fast transform is a fast Hadamaard transform.

4 5. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 1, wherein, for step (a), the
5 received spread signal is a burst of a random-access channel in a code-division, multiple-
6 access communication system.

7 6. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 1, wherein step (c) comprises
8 the steps of:

9 1) forming an initial decision statistic based on the relative maximum index of the
10 set of index values;

11 2) selecting the signal generated by the preamble sequence combined with the
12 preamble signal corresponding to the initial decision statistic;

1 3) adjusting, in one or more of amplitude and phase, the signal selected in step 2);
2 and

3 4) forming the decision statistic based on the adjusted signal.

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1 7. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 6, wherein step (c3) adjusts
2 the selected signal by estimating a channel response from the preamble signal, forming a
3 dc-rotation signal from the preamble signal, and combining the dc-rotation signal with the
4 preamble signal for coherent sequence detection.

1 8. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 6, wherein step (c2) employs
2 the initial decision statistic to locally generate a corresponding preamble sequence, the
3 locally generated preamble sequence being combined with the preamble signal for
4 coherent sequence detection.

1 9. (Original) A method of detecting one of a set of preamble sequences in a
2 spread signal comprising the steps of:

3 (a) correlating the received spread signal with a set of orthogonal sequences to
4 provide a preamble signal;

5 (b) correlating the preamble signal with one or more preamble sequences of an
6 orthogonal Gold code (OGC) set in accordance with a fast transform to generate a set of
7 index values;

8 (c) forming a decision statistic based on the set of index values; and

9 (d) selecting, as the detected one of the set of preamble sequences, a preamble
10 sequence corresponding to the decision statistic.

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1 10. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 9, wherein:

2 for step (b), each preamble sequence is selected from the OGC set formed from
3 first and second sequence vectors, wherein the OGC set is generated from the first
4 sequence vector and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence vector; and wherein

5 the fast transform is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT) comprising
6 the steps of

7 1) multiplying the preamble signal with a first sequence vector and a forward
8 permutation vector to generate a permuted preamble signal, the forward permutation
9 vector mapping between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of Walsh-Hadamaard
10 sequences; and

11 2) applying the fast Hadamaard transform to the permuted preamble signal to
12 generate the set of index values.

1 11. (Original) A preamble detector for detecting one of a set of preamble
2 sequences in a spread signal, the preamble detector comprising:

3 a first correlator correlating the received spread signal with sequences of a first
4 orthogonal Gold code (OGC) set in accordance with a first fast transform to provide a
5 preamble signal;

6 a second correlator correlating the preamble signal with the set of preamble
7 sequences in accordance with a second fast transform method to generate a set of index
8 values;

9 a circuit forming a decision statistic based on the set of index values; and

10 a selector selecting, as the detected one of the set of preamble sequences, a
11 preamble sequence corresponding to the decision statistic.

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1 12. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 11, wherein the first fast
2 transform is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT), the first OGC set is
3 generated from a first sequence vector and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence
4 vector, and the forward permutation vector maps between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii)
5 a matrix of Walsh-Hadamaard sequences; and wherein:

6 the first correlator comprises:

7 a multiplier multiplying the received spread signal with the first sequence
8 vector and a forward permutation vector to generate a permuted sequence signal;
9 and

10 a combiner applying the fast Hadamaard transform to the permuted
11 sequence signal to generate a set of correlated signals, the preamble signal
12 selected as one of the set of correlated signals based on a predetermined decision
13 criterion.

1 13. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 11, wherein:

2 the set of preamble sequences is selected from a second OGC set formed from
3 first and second sequence vectors, the second OGC set generated from the first sequence
4 vector and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence vector; and the second fast
5 transform is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT); and wherein:

6 the second correlator comprises:

7 a multiplier multiplying the preamble signal with a first sequence vector
8 and a forward permutation vector to generate a permuted preamble signal, the
9 forward permutation vector mapping between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a
10 matrix of Walsh-Hadamaard sequences, and

11 a combiner applying the fast Hadamaard transform to the permuted
12 preamble signal to generate the set of index values.

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1 14. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 11, wherein the set of
2 preamble sequences is selected from a set of Walsh-Hadamard sequences, and the
3 second fast transform is a fast Hadamard transform.

1 15. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 11, wherein the received
2 spread signal is a burst of a random-access channel in a code-division, multiple-access
3 communication system.

1 16. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 11, wherein the circuit
2 forming the decision statistic comprises:

3 a first magnitude detector forming an initial decision statistic based on the relative
4 maximum index of the set of index values;

5 a signal selector selecting the signal generated by the preamble sequence
6 combined with the preamble signal corresponding to the initial decision statistic;

7 a coherent detector adjusting, in one or more of amplitude and phase, the signal
8 selected in step 2); and

9 a second magnitude detector forming the decision statistic based on the adjusted
10 signal.

1 17. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 16, wherein the coherent
2 detector includes a channel estimator for i) estimating a channel response from the
3 preamble signal, and ii) forming a de-rotation signal from the preamble signal, and a
4 combiner for combining the de-rotation signal with the preamble signal for coherent
5 sequence detection.

1 18. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 16, wherein the coherent
2 detector includes a sequence generator, the sequence generator employing the initial
3 decision statistic to locally generate a corresponding preamble sequence; and a combiner
4 combining the locally generated preamble sequence with the preamble signal for coherent
5 sequence detection.

1 19. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 11, wherein the preamble
2 detector is embodied in an integrated circuit.

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1 20. (Original) A preamble detector for detecting one of a set of preamble
2 sequences in a spread signal comprising the steps of:
3 a first correlator correlating the received spread signal with a set of orthogonal
4 sequences to provide a preamble signal;
5 a second correlator correlating the preamble signal with one or more preamble
6 sequences of an orthogonal Gold code (OGC) set in accordance with a fast transform to
7 generate a set of index values;
8 a circuit forming a decision statistic based on the set of index values; and
9 a selector selecting, as the detected one of the set of preamble sequences, a
10 preamble sequence corresponding to the decision statistic.

1 21. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 20, wherein:
2 each preamble sequence is selected from the OGC set formed from first and
3 second sequence vectors, wherein the OGC set is generated from the first sequence vector
4 and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence vector and the fast transform is a fast
5 orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT); and wherein
6 the second correlator comprises:
7 a multiplier multiplying the preamble signal with a first sequence vector and a
8 forward permutation vector to generate a permuted preamble signal, the forward
9 permutation vector mapping between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of Walsh-
10 Hadamaard sequences; and
11 a combiner applying the fast Hadamaard transform to the permuted preamble
12 signal to generate the set of index values.

1 22. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 20, wherein the preamble
2 detector is embodied in an integrated circuit.

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1 23. (Original) A computer-readable medium having stored thereon a plurality
2 of instructions, the plurality of instructions including instructions which, when executed
3 by a processor, cause the processor to implement a method of detecting one of a set of
4 preamble sequences in a spread signal, the method comprising the steps of:

5 (a) correlating the received spread signal with sequences of a first orthogonal Gold
6 code (OGC) set in accordance with a first fast transform to provide a preamble signal;

7 (b) correlating the preamble signal with the set of preamble sequences in
8 accordance with a second fast transform to generate a set of index values;

9 (c) forming a decision statistic based on the set of index values; and

10 (d) selecting, as the detected one of the set of preamble sequences, a preamble
11 sequence corresponding to the decision statistic.

12 24. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 23, wherein, for step (a), the
1 first fast transform method is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT) comprising
2 the steps of
3

4 1) multiplying the received spread signal with a first sequence vector and a
5 forward permutation vector to generate a permuted sequence signal, wherein:

6 the first OGC set is generated from the first sequence vector and a cyclic
7 shift matrix of a second sequence vector, and the forward permutation vector
8 maps between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of Walsh-Hadamard
9 sequences; and

10 2) applying the fast Hadamard transform to the permuted sequence signal to
11 generate a set of correlated signals, the preamble signal selected as one of the set of
12 correlated signals based on a predetermined decision criterion.

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1 25. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 23, wherein:

2 for step (b), the set of preamble sequences are selected from a second OGC set
3 formed from first and second sequence vectors, the second OGC set generated from the
4 first sequence vector and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence vector; and wherein
5 the second fast transform is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT)
6 comprising the steps of

7 1) multiplying the preamble signal with a first sequence vector and a
8 forward permutation vector to generate a permuted preamble signal, the forward
9 permutation vector mapping between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of
10 Walsh-Hadamard sequences, and

11 2) applying the fast Hadamard transform to the permuted preamble signal
12 to generate the set of index values.

11 26. (Original) A computer-readable medium having stored thereon a plurality
12 of instructions, the plurality of instructions including instructions which, when executed
1 by a processor, cause the processor to implement a method of detecting one of a set of
2 preamble sequences in a spread signal, the method comprising the steps of:

3 (a) correlating the received spread signal with a set of orthogonal sequences to
4 provide a preamble signal;

5 (b) correlating the preamble signal with one or more preamble sequences of an
6 orthogonal Gold code (OGC) set in accordance with a fast transform to generate a set of
7 index values;

8 (c) forming a decision statistic based on the set of index values; and

9 (d) selecting, as the detected one of the set of preamble sequences, a preamble
10 sequence corresponding to the decision statistic.

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1 27. (Original) The invention as recited in claim 26, wherein:
2 for step (b), each preamble sequence is selected from the OGC set formed from
3 first and second sequence vectors, wherein the OGC set is generated from the first
4 sequence vector and a cyclic shift matrix of a second sequence vector; and wherein
5 the fast transform is a fast orthogonal Gold code transform (FOGT) comprising
6 the steps of

7 1) multiplying the preamble signal with a first sequence vector and a forward
8 permutation vector to generate a permuted preamble signal, the forward permutation
9 vector mapping between i) the cyclic shift matrix and ii) a matrix of Walsh-Hadamard
10 sequences; and

11 2) applying the fast Hadamard transform to the permuted preamble signal to
12 generate the set of index values.

28. (Canceled)

29. (Canceled)

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